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Fifth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2013

Microwaves and Radar

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks:100

**Note: 1. Answer FIVE full questions, selecting at least TWO questions from each part.
2. Use of Smith chart is permitted.**

PART – A

- 1
 - a. Starting from the fundamentals, derive the expression for the voltage and current at any point on the transmission line. (10 Marks)
 - b. An open wire line has $R = 10 \Omega/\text{km}$, $L = 0.0037 \text{ henry/km}$, $C = 0.0083 \mu\text{f/km}$, $G = 0.4 \mu\text{S/km}$. Determine Z_0 , α , β , γ , V_p if $\omega = 1000 \text{ radians/sec}$. (05 Marks)
 - c. Define the following:
 - i) Reflection coefficient
 - ii) Transmission coefficient.
 Also, derive the relationship between them? (05 Marks)

- 2
 - a. With a neat diagram, explain the working of a two-hole directional coupler. Also derive the Scattering matrix of the same. (10 Marks)
 - b. A load impedance of $26 - j16 \Omega$'s is required to be connected to a line of characteristic impedance 100Ω 's by using a short circuited stub of length, l located at a distance, d from the load. The wavelength of operation is 1 m . Using Smith chart find d and l . Write the procedural steps. (10 Marks)

- 3
 - a. With a neat diagram, explain the construction, working and application of an Isolator based on faraday rotation. (10 Marks)
 - b. An IMPATT diode has the following parameters:
 - Carrier drift velocity, $V_d = 2 \times 10^7 \text{ cm/s}$
 - Drift region length, $L = 6 \mu\text{m}$
 - Maximum operating voltage = 100 V
 - Maximum operating current = 200 mA
 - Efficiency, $\eta = 15\%$
 - Breakdown voltage, $V_{bd} = 90 \text{ V}$
 Compute: i) Maximum output power, ii) Resonant frequency. (05 Marks)
 - c. A typical Silicon BARRIT diode has the following parameters:
 - Relative dielectric constant, $\epsilon_r = 12.5$
 - Donor concentration, $N = 3.2 \times 10^{22}/\text{m}^3$, $\epsilon_0 = 8.854 \times 10^{-12}$
 - Drift length, $L = 8 \mu\text{m}$
 Calculate: i) Critical voltage, ii) Breakdown voltage, iii) Breakdown electric field. (05 Marks)

- 4
 - a. Explain with a neat diagram the construction and working of PIN diode and Schottky barrier diode. (10 Marks)
 - b. Explain S-matrix representation of multi-port network. (04 Marks)
 - c. State and explain the properties of S-matrix. (06 Marks)

PART – B

- 5 a. With a neat diagram, explain the working of a precision type variable attenuator. (06 Marks)
 b. With a neat diagram, explain the working of a E-plane Tee junction. Also derive its Scattering matrix. (10 Marks)
 c. A three port circulator has an insertion loss of 2 dB, isolation loss of 25 dB and VSWR = 2.0. Find the S-matrix. (04 Marks)
- 6 a. Explain the construction and field pattern for microstrip line. (08 Marks)
 b. What are the different losses taking place in microstrip line? Explain. (06 Marks)
 c. Compare strip line and microstrip line. (06 Marks)
- 7 a. Starting from the power density of an isotropic antenna, derive an expression for the Radar-range equation. Also, explain the factors influencing the maximum range of the radar. (10 Marks)
 b. Define the following related to radar system:
 i) Maximum unambiguous range
 ii) Doppler effect
 iii) Blind speed
 iv) Duty cycle (04 Marks)
 c. A 10 GHz Radar has the following characteristics:
 Peak transmitter power = 250 KW
 p.r.f. = 1500 PPS
 Pulse width = 0.8 μ sec
 Power gain of the antenna = 2500
 Minimum detectable peak signal power by receiver = 10^{-14} watts
 Effective area of the antenna = 10 m^2 .
 If this radar were to be used to detect a target of 2 m^2 equivalent cross section, find the following:
 i) Maximum possible range
 ii) Unambiguous range
 iii) Duty cycle
 iv) Average power (06 Marks)
- 8 a. With a neat block diagram, explain the principle and working of an MTI Radar. (08 Marks)
 b. An MTI Radar used PRF of 1000 PPS at 4 GHz. Compute the lowest blind speed of the Radar. Also calculate the second and third lowest blind speed of the radar. (04 Marks)
 c. Write brief note on any TWO:
 i) Delay line canceller
 ii) CW Doppler Radar
 iii) Pulsed Radar system
 iv) Various applications of Radar. (08 Marks)

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